

- Sound exit less than $90^{\circ}$ to the longitudinal axis
- Small dead zone at long scanning range
- Adjustment of the switching point can be taught
- NO/NC function reversible
- 1 switching output (PNP)
- Extra short construction
- Function largely independent of surface properties, ideal for detection of liquids, bulk materials, transparent media, ...



## Accessories:

(available separately)

- Mounting systems
- Mounting adapter M18-M30: BTX-D18M-D30 (Part no. 50125860)
- Cables with M12 connector (K-D ...)
- Teach adapter PA1/XTSX-M12 (Part no. 50124709)


## Dimensioned drawing



A Active sensor surface
B Indicator diodes

## Electrical connection



## Specifications

Ultrasonic specifications
Scanning range 1)
Adjustment range
Ultrasonic frequency
Typ. opening angle
Resolution switching output
Direction of beam
Reproducibility
Switching hysteresis
Temperature drift

## Timing

Switching frequency
Response time
Delay before start-up

## Electrical data

Operating voltage $U_{B}{ }^{4}$ )
Residual ripple
Open-circuit current
Switching output
Function
Output current Switching range adjustment

Changeover NO/NC

## Indicators

Yellow LED
Yellow LED, flashing
Green LED

## Mechanical data

## Housing

Weight
Ultrasonic transducer
Connection type
Fitting position

## Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage)
Protective circuit 6 )
VDE safety class
Degree of protection
Standards applied
Certifications

HTU418B-400.W/4TX... HTU418B-1000.W/4TX...
$25 \ldots 400 \mathrm{~mm}^{2)} \quad 150 \ldots 1000 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ )
25 ... 400 mm
310 kHz
$9^{\circ}$
0.5 mm
axial
$\pm 0.15 \%$ of end value ${ }^{1)}$
5 mm 1)
$0.17 \% / K$

7Hz
71 ms
$<300 \mathrm{~ms}$
$15 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC (incl. $\pm 10 \%$ residual ripple)
$\pm 10 \%$ of $U_{B}$
$\leq 50 \mathrm{~mA}$
$1 \times$ PNP transistor
NO contact, reversible
max. 150 mA
teach-in (Pin 2):
for OUT1: connected to GND for $2 \ldots 7 \mathrm{~s}$
teach-in (pin 2):
for OUT1: connected to $U_{B}$ for $2 \ldots 7 \mathrm{~s}$
OUT1: object detected
teach-in / teaching error
object within the scanning range
all metal - brass, nickel-plated
50 g
piezoceramic 5)
M12 connector, 5-pin any
$-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
1, 2, 3
III
IP 67 and IP 68
EN 60947-5-2
UL 508, C22.2 No.14-13 4) 7) 8)

## Diagrams

HTU418B-400.W/..-M12



HTU418B-1000.W/...-M12





## Remarks

## Operate in accordance with intended use!

$\stackrel{y}{\wedge}$ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
$\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\gtrdot}$ The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
E) Only use the product in accordance with the intended use.

HTU418B...W
Ultrasonic sensors, angled $90^{\circ}$ with 1 switching output

## Part number code

| Operating principle |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| HTU | Ultrasonic sen |
| Series |  |
| 418B | 418B Series, |
| Scanning range in mm |  |
| 400 | $25 . . .400$ |
| 1000 | $150 . . .1000$ |

Equipment (optional)
W Design with angle head of $90^{\circ}$

Pin assignment of connector pin 4 / black cable wire (OUT1)
$4 \quad$ PNP output, NO contact preset
P PNP output, NC contact preset
2 NPN output, NO contact preset
N NPN output, NC contact preset

Pin assignment of connector pin 2 / white cable wire (Teach-IN)
T Teach input

Pin assignment of connector pin 5 / gray cable wire (OUT2)

| $\mathbf{4}$ | PNP output, NO contact preset |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | PNP output, NC contact preset |
| 2 | NPN output, NO contact preset |
| N | NPN output, NC contact preset |
| $\mathbf{X}$ | Connection not assigned (n. c. - not connected) |

Connection technology
M12 M12 connector, 5-pin

## Order guide

The sensors listed here are preferred types; current information at www.leuze.com.

## Scanning range

$25 \ldots 400 \mathrm{~mm}$
$150 \ldots 1000 \mathrm{~mm}$

Designation

Part no.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { HTU418B-400.W/4TX-M12 } & 50129824 \\ \text { HTU418B-1000.W/4TX-M12 } & 50129825\end{array}$
HTU418B-1000.W/4TX-M12
50129825

## Device functions and indicators

All settings on the sensor are taught-in via the Teach-IN input. Device status and switching states are indicated as follows by means of a yellow and green LED:


## Adjusting the switching point via the teach input

The switching point of the sensor is set to 400 mm or 1000 mm on delivery.
By means of a simple teach event, the switching point can be taught to an arbitrary distance within the scanning range. The Leuze PA1/XTSX-M12 teach adapter can be used for this purpose. The adapter can also be used to easily switch the output function from NO contact to NC contact.

| 1-point teach |
| :--- |
| 1. Place object at desired switching distance. |
| 2. For the adjustment of OUT1, connect input Teach-IN to GND for 2 ... 7s (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach-GND"). |
| The current state of output OUT1 is frozen during the teach event. |
| 3. The yellow LED flashes at 3Hz and is then ON. |
| The current object distance has been taught as the new switching point. |
| 4. Error-free teach: LED states and switching behavior according to the diagram shown above. |
| Faulty teach (object may be too close or too far away - please note scanning range): |
| yellow LED flashes at 5Hz until an error-free teach event is performed. |
| Output OUT1 is inactive as long as there is a teach error. |

## Adjusting the switching function (NC/NO) via the teach input

The switching function of the sensor is set to normally open ( NO ) on delivery.
If the switching function is changed, the switching output is changed to the opposite state (toggled).

## Changeover of the switching function

1. To change the switching function, connect input Teach-IN to $U_{B}$ for $2 \ldots 7 s$ (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach- $U_{B}$ ").

The current state of output OUT1 is frozen while the adjustment is made.
2. The green and yellow LEDs flash alternately at 2 Hz .

The switching function was changed over.
The switching behavior corresponds to the diagram shown above.

## Notice!

Please note that pin 2 and pin 5 are internally connected within the sensor. The input is configured so that the switching point is taught when GND is connected and the output function is reversed when $U_{B}$ is connected.
If no sensor action is desired, pin 2 and pin 5 must remain unconnected!

